## C350 Architecture

21042

## Statue of Liberty

New York，USA

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## Liberty

The Statue of Liberty was a gift of friendship from the people of France to the United States, and has since become a universal symbol of freedom and democracy throughout the world. Dedicated on the 28th of October 1886, she was often the first thing people saw as they sailed into New York's harbor to start a new life in America.
"Thou warden of the western gate, above Manhattan Bay, The fogs of doubt that hid thy face are driven clean away: Thine eyes at last look far and clear, thou liftest high thy hand To spread the light of liberty world-wide for every land."


## The Gift

Édouard de Labouaye was a prominent French political thinker and a strong supporter of President Abraham Lincoln during the American Civil War. In 1865, he proposed creating a monument that would be gifted to the United States by the people of France in celebration of the recent Union victory in the Civil War and the abolition of slavery.

Ten years later, with the help of the sculptor FrédéricAuguste Bartholdi, Labouaye turned his proposal into reality and founded the Franco-American Union to raise funds for the project. It was hoped that the French people would finance the proposed Statue, now entitled "Liberty Enlightening the World," while the American people would pay for its pedestal.

On one of his trips to the U.S. to help raise funds, the sculptor Bartholdi realized that New York was the gateway to America and spotted the perfect location for the Statue to stand.


Bedloe's Island was visible to every ship entering or leaving the city's harbor and Bartholdi envisioned his statue rising out of the star-shaped Fort Wood that already stood on the island.

The project soon caught the imagination of many on both sides of the Atlantic, and when the French had raised 400,000 francs the construction of the Statue finally began.




## From Dream to Reality

In 1876, French craftsmen began forging the individual elements of the Statue. While the outer design and materials were given, the real challenge lay in the Statue's internal construction.

Bartholdi turned to the French architect and structural engineer, Gustave Eiffel, and he proposed creating a 92 ft . ( 28 m ) skeletal central pylon upon which asymmetrical girders could be attached. Flat metal bars were then bolted to the girders to hold the copper skin of the Statue in place. Eiffel would go on to use the same pylon construction method in his famous Eiffel Tower, which was completed in 1889.

The entire Statue was completed in Paris between 1881 and 1884. It arrived amid great fanfare in New York aboard the French Navy ship Isére on the 17th of June 1885. Once the pedestal was completed in 1886, the 151 ft . ( 46 m ) tall statue was quickly assembled. The last section to be completed was the Statue of Liberty's face, which remained covered until the official dedication on the 28th of October 1886. Rain and foggy weather did not stop over one million New Yorkers from turning out to cheer the unveiling of the new Statue.

# "Keep, ancient lands, your storied pomp!" cries she With silent lips. "Give me your tired, your poor, Your huddlled masses yearning to breathe free, The wretched refuse of your teeming shore. Send these, the homeless, tempest-tost to me, I lift my lamp beside the golden door! ${ }^{p}$ 

## A Universal Icon

The Statue of Liberty was intended to be seen as a universal symbol of enlightenment and freedom. The robed female figure itself represents Libertas, the Roman goddess of freedom, and although you cannot see her feet clearly she stands among a broken shackle and chains, with her right foot raised, depicting her moving away from oppression and slavery. The seven spikes on the crown represent the seven oceans and the seven continents of the world, reinforcing the universal concept of liberty.

Over time, the Statue would also emerge as a welcoming symbol of hope to different generations of immigrants to the U.S. Between 1886 and 1924, almost 14 million immigrants
entered the United States through New York. The Statue of Liberty was often the first thing they saw as they arrived by ship in their new homeland.

The American National Park Service took over responsibility for the island in 1937, and set about transforming the area around the Statue into a park. Bedloe's Island was renamed Liberty Island in 1957 to commemorate the completion of this work. The Statue was designated a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1984 and continues to attract around 4 million visitors each year.
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## Facts \& Figures

| Style | Neoclassical Sculpture |
| :--- | :--- |
| Materials | Statue: Copper \& Iron |
|  | Pedestal: Stone |
| Height | Statue: $151 \mathrm{ft} .(46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | Including Pedestal: $305 \mathrm{ft} .(93 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Weight | 224.9 short tons (204 metric tons) |
| Dedicated | October 28, 1886 |



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## 3



4



5




7



8



The Statue is thought to be hit

## 9




10



11



12



13




15



16



## 17




## 18





20



21







5

$4 x$



3


4


5


6

$4 x$





27



28



29



30




32



33





35





38










43






| 6 | $4 x^{20}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $4 x$ | $4 x$ |
| $4 x$ | 4 |
| $4 x$ |  |

48



50



51



52


3


2
4







54




56




## $58$



59

$60$



62



63



64



65




67



## 69



70











## $77$




78




80

## 1

2


3


4


## 5









85











## 99



100



$102$




3

4







107



## $109$




112


111




117



118


119


120




122


123


124














## 138







148




## 154



156





$$
118
$$

168


169

## 1

2




There are 25 windows in the
crown.


170


2
5



$171$



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